

---

文章

姚鑫 · 六月 27, 2022 阅读大约需 7 分钟

## 第十二章 信号 (二) - 生产者消费者示例

### 第十二章 信号 (二) - 生产者消费者示例

下面是一系列使用信号量实现生产者/消费者的类。“主”进程初始化信号量并等待用户指示活动已全部完成。生产者在循环中随机增加一个信号量值，更新之间的延迟可变。消费者尝试在随机时间从信号量中删除随机数量，也是在循环中。该示例由 5 个类组成：

- Main – 初始化环境并等待信号量上的活动完成的类。
- Counter – 实现信号量本身的类。它记录它的创建以及由于信号量在等待列表中而发生的任何回调。
- Producer – 一个类，其主要方法增加信号量值。增量是一个随机选择的小整数。完成增量后，该方法会在下一个增量之前延迟一小段随机数秒。
- Consumer 消费者——这是对生产者的补充。此类的主要方法尝试将信号量减少一个随机选择的小整数。它将递减请求添加到其等待列表中，等待时间也是随机选择的秒数。
- Util - 这个类有几个方法被示例的其他类使用。几种方法解决了为所有活动维护公共日志的问题；其他人解决了多个消费者和多个生产者的命名问题。

注意：组成这些类的代码特意写得简单。尽可能地，每个语句只完成一个动作。这应该使用户更容易和更直接地修改示例。

#### Class: Semaphore.Main

此类建立演示环境。它调用实用程序类来初始化日志和名称索引工具。然后它用初始值 0 初始化公共信号量，并等待用户输入一个字符（通常是 ENTER 键），表明实验已经完成。

一旦它接收到用户输入，它就会报告信号量的当前值，尝试删除它，并终止执行。

```
Class Semaphore.Main Extends %RegisteredObject
{
    //?
    Parameter ME = "Main";

    //?
    ClassMethod Run()
    {
        //?
        d ##class(Semaphore.Util).InitLog()
        d ##class(Semaphore.Util).InitIndex()

        s msg = ..#ME _ " ?"
        d ..Log(msg)

        //?
        s inventory = ##class(Semaphore.Counter).%New()
        if ('($isobject(inventory))') {
            s msg = "%New() of MySem failed"
            d ..Log(msg)
            q
        }
    }
}
```

```

}

s msg = "???????: " _ inventory.Init(0)
d ..Log(msg)

// ??????
s msg = "????????? Run ??"
d ..Log(msg)

r *x

// ??????????????
s msg = "??" = " _ inventory.GetValue()
d ..Log(msg)
s msg = "?????????: " _ inventory.Delete()
d ..Log(msg)
s msg = ..#ME _ " ??"
d ..Log(msg)

q
}

/// ??????????????
ClassMethod Log(msg As %String) [ Private ]
{
  d ##class(Semaphore.Util).Logger(..#ME, msg)
  q
}
}
}

```

## Class: Semaphore.Counter

此类实现示例中使用的信号量。根据需要，它是 %SYSTEM.Semaphore 的子类，并提供方法 WaitCompleted 的实现。为了简单起见，初始化信号量的代码也包含在这个类中。还有一个类方法提供此信号量的名称，以允许设置、生产者和消费者类获取它。

```

Class Semaphore.Counter Extends %SYSTEM.Semaphore
{

ClassMethod Name() As %String
{
  Quit "Counter"
}

/// ??????????
Method Log(Msg As %String) [ Private ]
{
  d ##class(Semaphore.Util).Logger(..Name(), Msg)
  q
}

/// ??? id ??????????
Method MyId() As %String
{
  q ("0x" _ $zhex(..SemID))
}

```

```

}

/// ??????
Method %OnNew() As %Status
{
    s msg = "??"
    d ..Log(msg)
    q $$$OK
}

Method Init(initvalue = 0) As %Status
{
    try {
        if(..Create(..Name(), initvalue)) {
            s msg = "??" _ ..Name()
            _ """; ?? = " _ initvalue
            _ "; Id = 0x" _ ..MyId()
            d ..Log(msg)
            ret 1
        } else {
            s msg = "?????: Name = "" _ ..Name() _ """
            d ..Log(msg)
            ret 0
        }
    } catch {
        s msg = "??????"
        d ..Log(msg)
        ret 0
    }
}

Method %OnClose() As %Status [ Private ]
{
    s msg = "?????: Id = " _ ..MyId()
    d ..Log(msg)
    q $$$OK
}

/// ??? WaitMany() ??????????????????????????
/// ??????????????????????????
///
/// ??????????????????
/// ?????? AddToWaitMany ??????????
Method WaitCompleted(amt As %Integer)
{
    // ??????
    s msg = "WaitCompleted: " _ ..MyId() _ "; Amt = " _ amt
    d ..Log(msg)
    q
}
}

```

## Class: Semaphore.Producer

此类负责获取公共信号量的 OREF。一旦它拥有了OREF，它就会尝试将信号量重复增加一个随机选择的小整数，并在每次增量之间暂停一个小的随机选择间隔。每次增加信号量的尝试都会输入到日志中。

```

Class Semaphore.Producer Extends %RegisteredObject
{
    //?
    Parameter MeBase = "Producer";

    //?
    ClassMethod Run() As %Status
    {
        //?
        s ME = ##class(Semaphore.Util).IndexName(..#MeBase)
        s msg = ME _ " ?"
        d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        s cell = ##class(Semaphore.Counter).%New()
        d cell.Open(##class(Semaphore.Counter).Name())

        s msg = "open Id = " _ cell.MyId()
        d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        //?
        for addcnt = 1 : 1 : 8 {
            s incamt = $random(5) + 1
            s waitsec = $random(10) + 1
            s msg = "increment " _ cell.MyId()
                _ " = " _ cell.GetValue()
                _ " by " _ incamt
                _ " wait " _ waitsec _ " sec"
            d cell.Increment(incamt)
            d ..Logger(ME, msg)
            h waitsec
        }

        //?
        s msg = ME _ " ?"
        d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        q $$$OK
    }

    //?
    ClassMethod Logger(id As %String, msg As %String) [ Private ]
    {
        d ##class(Semaphore.Util).Logger(id, msg)
        q
    }
}

```

## Class: Semaphore.Consumer

这个类是对 Semaphore.Producer 的补充。它也获得了公共信号量的 OREF，并以与 Producer 类似的方式尝试将信号量重复减少随机选择的数量，并在每次尝试之间随机选择暂停。每次尝试的成功或失败都会写入日志。

```

Class Semaphore.Consumer Extends %RegisteredObject
{
    /// ?
    Parameter MeBase = "Consumer";

    /// ??????????????
    ClassMethod Run() As %Status
    {
        // ??????????
        s ME = ##class(Semaphore.Util).IndexName(..#MeBase)
        s msg = ME _ " ?"
        d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        s cell = ##class(Semaphore.Counter).%New()
        d cell.Open##class(Semaphore.Counter).Name()
        s msg = "Consumer: Open Id = " _ cell.MyId()
        d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        // ??????????????
        for decCnt = 1 : 1 : 15 {
            s decamt = $RANDOM(5) + 1
            s waitsec = $RANDOM(10) + 1
            s msg = "Decrement " _ cell.MyId()
                _ " = " _ cell.GetValue()
                _ " by " _ decamt
                _ " wait " _ waitsec _ " sec"
            // ?????????????????????????????????? 200?
            d cell.AddToWaitMany(decamt)
            d ..Logger(ME, msg)
            s result = ##class(%SYSTEM.Semaphore).WaitMany(waitsec)
            s msg = $select((result > 0) : "??", 1 : "?")
            d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        }
        // ?
        s msg = ME _ " ?"
        d ..Logger(ME, msg)

        q $$$OK
    }

    /// ??????????
    ClassMethod Logger(id As %String, msg As %String) [ Private ]
    {
        d ##class(Semaphore.Util).Logger(id, msg)
        q
    }
}

```

## Class: Semaphore.Util

此类包含解决与此示例相关的两个问题的方法。第一个是保存记录消息所需的结构的初始化，以及归档提交到日志的消息及其后续显示的方法。

第二组方法处理生成编号序列的名称以识别生产者和消费者。这不是严格需要的，因为 \$JOB 命令提供的进程 ID 也这样做，但使用更易于阅读的标签更容易。

```
Class Semaphore.Util Extends %RegisteredObject
{
    /// ???????
    Parameter ME = "Util";

    /// ??????
    ClassMethod InitLog()
    {
        // ???????
        k ^SemaphoreLog
        s ^SemaphoreLog = 0
        q
    }

    /// ??????????????????
    ///
    ClassMethod Logger(sender As %String, msg As %String)
    {
        s inx = $i(^SemaphoreLog)
        s ^SemaphoreLog(inx, 0) = $job
        s ^SemaphoreLog(inx, 1) = sender
        s ^SemaphoreLog(inx, 2) = msg
        w "(", ^SemaphoreLog, ")" , msg, !
        q
    }

    /// ???????
    ClassMethod ShowLog()
    {
        s msgcnt = $g(^SemaphoreLog, 0)
        w "???????", msgcnt, !, !
        w "#", ?5, "$Job", ?12, "Sender", ?25, "Message", !

        for i = 1 : 1 : msgcnt {
            s job = ^SemaphoreLog(i, 0)
            s sender = ^SemaphoreLog(i, 1)
            s msg = ^SemaphoreLog(i, 2)
            w i, ")", ?5, job, ?12, sender, ":" , ?25, msg, !
        }
        q
    }

    /// ??????
    ClassMethod InitIndex()
    {
        k ^SemaphoreNames
        q
    }

    /// ??????
    ClassMethod IndexName(name As %String) As %String
    {
        if ($d(^SemaphoreNames(name)) = 0) {
            s ^SemaphoreNames(name) = 0
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
    s index = $i(^SemaphoreNames(name))
    q (name _ "." _ index)
}
}
```

[#SQL](#) [#Caché](#)

---

### 源

URL:

<https://cn.community.intersystems.com/post/%E7%AC%AC%E5%8D%81%E4%BA%8C%E7%AB%A0-%E4%BF%A1%E5%8F%B7%EF%BC%88%E4%BA%8C%EF%BC%89-%E7%94%9F%E4%BA%A7%E8%80%85%E6%B6%88%E8%B4%B9%E8%80%85%E7%A4%BA%E4%BE%8B>